

8-1-2013

Guide to AC002 - Records of the Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity

Jona Whipple
jwhipple@kentlaw.iit.edu

Follow this and additional works at: http://scholarship.kentlaw.iit.edu/finding_aid

 Part of the [Legal Commons](#)

Recommended Citation

Whipple, Jona, "Guide to AC002 - Records of the Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity" (2013). *Finding Aids*. 2.
http://scholarship.kentlaw.iit.edu/finding_aid/2

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the History & Archives at Scholarly Commons @ IIT Chicago-Kent College of Law. It has been accepted for inclusion in Finding Aids by an authorized administrator of Scholarly Commons @ IIT Chicago-Kent College of Law. For more information, please contact dginsberg@kentlaw.iit.edu.



Records of the Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity, 1968

Overview of the Collection

Creator:	Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity
Title:	Records of the Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity
Inclusive Dates:	1968
Identification:	AC.002
Accessions:	None
Extent:	.5 linear inches (1 box)
Location:	Room 985, shelf 5A
Processor:	Jona Whipple, August 2013
Repository:	The IIT Chicago-Kent College of Law Archives, 565 W Adams St., Chicago IL 60661
Preferred Citation:	[Description of item], Records of the Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity, (AC.002). Chicago-Kent College of Law Archives, Chicago, Illinois.

History

Phi Alpha Delta is the largest co-ed professional law fraternity in the United States. Founded in 1902, it has over 300,000 initiated members to date, approximately one in every six attorneys in the United States. It was the first law fraternity to admit members of all races, creeds, colors, religions and national origins, as well as the first fraternity to admit women, which took place in September of 1970 with the admission of Anna Carolyn Fox Hinds of McReynolds Chapter.

Phi Alpha Delta was founded due to the Supreme Court's November 4, 1897 decision to adopt a rule for admission to the Illinois Bar which seriously affected students who were then preparing for admission. To protect their rights, the students formed the "Law Student League" to secure the passage of an act by the Illinois Legislature exempting the students then studying for the bar from certain requirements of the rule. The Illinois Supreme Court refused to recognize the exemptions, and a test case was brought directly to the Supreme Court of Illinois (in re Application of Henry M. Day, et al, 181 ILL. 73). The League then formed the Lambda Epsilon Fraternity in 1898. Two chapters were formed at its inception, the Kent Chapter which was established in October 1898 at Kent College of Law, and the Blackstone Chapter which was established in February 1899 at the Chicago College of Law. The two chapters merged in early 1899 when Kent College of Law was consolidated with Chicago College of Law, becoming the Chicago-Kent College of Law. The singular chapter was henceforth known as the Blackstone Chapter.

Lambda Epsilon was officially dissolved on July 26, 1902 at a convention held at the Colonial Tavern in South Haven, Michigan. The next day, the South Haven Articles were signed which were to become the foundation of Phi Alpha Delta. Several months later, a meeting was held in Chicago on November 8, 1902, and the Articles, Constitution, Ritual and Rules governing the organization of were proposed and formally adopted together with the name of "Phi Alpha Delta." Within a month, the Blackstone, Story, Fuller, Webster and Marshall Chapters were installed.

Chicago-Kent students involved in the formation of Phi Alpha Delta were Thomas P. Octigan (1903), Shelley B. Neltner (1898), Arthur C. Ford (Chicago College of Law class of



1897), Henry J. Frercks (1899), Noel B. Palmer (1899), Frederick Mercer (1901). Ford initially began meeting with Asahel W. Gage, another law student and fellow member of the Phi Gamma Delta social fraternity, and the two began inviting other law students to their informal meetings. Upon the adoption of Rule 39 and subsequent formation of the Law Student League and Lambda Epsilon, the first convention was held on Monday, December 4, 1899 at Sherman House in Chicago, Illinois. Delegates in attendance were Neltnor, Frercks, Palmer, and Mercer. Neltnor also attended the second convention of Lambda Epsilon at Brown Lake, Lake County, Illinois on June 29-30, 1901, at which time he was nominated Right Honorable Chancellor of the Exchequer. During the formation of the Phi Alpha Delta fraternity, Neltnor attended the first board meeting of the as-yet unnamed group on August 12, 1902. Octigan served as National Recorder for Phi Alpha Delta from 1905-1906, and as Chief Justice from 1906-1907.

Scope and Contents

The Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity collection consists of a book, *Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity, A History*, published in 1968 and written by C. Raymond Judice, Supreme Historian and Robert F. Evans, Jr. The volume covers the formative years of the fraternity, the years during the first and second World Wars, and continues to 1968. The volume includes black and white photos of founding members and meeting locations, as well as member lists, chapter lists, and photos of famous and notable members of the fraternity.

Restrictions

None

Separations

None

Arrangement

The collection is arranged into 1 series:

- I. Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity
-
-

Container List

Series I. Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity, 1958, .5 linear ft

Box	Folder		
-----	--------	--	--

1	1	Book, <i>Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity, A History</i>	1968
---	---	--	------